

SHIP LOSSES  
GO UPWARD

British Lost a Total of 15  
During the Past  
Week

IN CONTRAST TO SIX  
IN PREVIOUS WEEK

Eleven of the Vessels Were  
of Major Ton-  
nage

London, April 18.—The losses to British shipping by mine or submarine in past week totalled fifteen, according to an admiralty report last night. Eleven were 1600 tons or over and four were under that tonnage. One fishing vessel also was sunk.

During the previous week the British shipping loss was only six vessels.

LODGE FOR STONE'S PLACE?  
Improbable, But Interesting to Speculate  
About, the Capital Believes.

Washington, April 18.—The suggestion made by responsible senators that Henry Cabot Lodge be made chairman of the committee on foreign relations, in succession to the late William J. Stone, has started a discussion of profound interest at the capital. The purpose of the suggestion is not to displace Senator Hitchcock with Senator Lodge but is rather to provide a means of settling the dispute over the chairmanship should the majority be found unable to agree upon Hitchcock, who has been bitterly attacked by a leading administration organ. Majority parties are not celebrated for passing their best chairmanships over to men in the minority, and it can hardly be doubted that in the end Senator Hitchcock will be chosen. However, it is equally certain that should the Democratic steering committee fail to select Hitchcock, the opposition to John Sharp Williams is so strong that the matter might be taken up by the committee on foreign relations itself, and eventually the controversy might reach the floor. Should this unlikely outcome be reached, the election of Senator Lodge might reasonably be expected. The opportunity would be given, at least, to test out Democratic professions of loyalty and non-partisanship in the conduct of the war.

REMOVES PACIFIST PASTOR.  
M. E. District Supt. in New York Takes  
Drastic Action.

Jamestown, N. Y., April 18.—Rev. H. A. Ellis, district superintendent of the Methodist Episcopal church, has removed Rev. G. W. Galbreath from his charge at Cottage, N. Y., because he preached the doctrine that war was not justified.

Doing Relief Work in France.  
St. Albans, April 18.—News is received here of the safe arrival in France of Lieut. Mary F. Watkins of New York, formerly of this city, the daughter of Rev. and Mrs. S. Halsted Watkins. Miss Watkins is with the motor corps, National League for Woman's Service, and she accompanied Miss Annie Morgan to France to assist in the work of restoring devastated regions. She will drive motor trucks carrying supplies, clothing and building materials to the devastated villages.



Don't wear a veil to  
cover up skin trouble  
**Resinol**  
makes sick skins well

Is your appearance marred by unsightly patches of eruption? There is no need of enduring such discomfort because, unless it is due to some serious internal condition, Resinol Ointment is almost sure to clear the trouble away—promptly, easily, and at little expense.

Resinol Soap should usually be used with Resinol Ointment to prepare the skin to receive the Resinol medication. Resinol Soap and Resinol Ointment are sold by all druggists. For free samples each, write to Resinol, Baltimore, Md.

## JEWELRY

When YOU want a piece  
of Jewelry, come in and  
see our splendid display

O. J. DODGE, The Jeweler  
200 Main Street  
Sole Agent for "Boston American" in Barre

## Ask Us at Once

ABOUT YOUR AUTOMOBILE  
INSURANCE

YOU MAY SAVE MONEY  
BY DOING THIS NOW

WE HAVE MADE  
SPECIAL ARRANGEMENTS TO  
GIVE YOU UNPARALLELED  
SERVICE

J. W. DILLON, Agt.

Monday PHONE 34-R Saturday  
Night BOLSTER BLOCK Night

COULD NOT STOP  
THE HEADACHES

Until She Tried "Fruit-a-lives"  
(or Fruit Liver Tablets)

112 CONSUM ST., ST. JOHN.  
"I feel I must tell you of the great benefit I have received from your wonderful medicine, 'Fruit-a-lives'. I have been a sufferer for many years from Violent Headaches, and could get no permanent relief. A friend advised me to take 'Fruit-a-lives' and I did so with great success; and now I am entirely free of Headaches, thanks to your splendid medicine!"  
MRS. ALEXANDER SHAW.  
Box, a box, 6 for \$2.50, trial size 25c.  
At all dealers or sent on receipt of price, by FRUIT-A-LIVES LIMITED, OGDENSBURG, N. Y.

GERMANS SPREADING  
DOCTRINE IN SWEDEN

Are Telling Swedish People By Newspaper and Cinema of the German Progress in the War—There Is Little Entente Propaganda.

Stockholm, April 18.—(Correspondence of the Associated Press).—German propaganda in Sweden and other Scandinavian nations no longer is ill-directed or inefficient, in the opinion of the statesmen of the countries in which it operates. On the contrary, it challenges even unwilling admiration in Sweden for its completeness and effectiveness.

In the early days of the war the entente powers and America extracted considerable amusement from German methods of propaganda for the reason that they seemed to be based on an almost absolute failure to understand the psychology of the non-Germanic peoples.

Undeterred by earlier failures the Germans have kept at work here and have organized a system of propaganda which is regarded as tireless, intelligent and, without a doubt, effective.

The organization centers around three undertakings, all organized by Germans but, in accordance with Swedish law, directed by Swedes. These are the magazine Jorden Rundt, (The World Around), the "Picture Central," and the "Polar Star" Biograph.

All three undertakings are housed in the same quarters. The exploits of the German army are graphically illustrated by word, by picture and cinema films. Gigantic maps, with events kept up almost to the hour, show the progress of the German armies. The newest bulletins are displayed. Visitors are loaded with pamphlets and books, some of them of such character that they form permanent additions to a reference library. Whenever a German soldier does some individual act of kindness a cinema operator is there to record it and the Swedish patrons of the Polar Star have opportunity to admire it.

Two large printing firms turn out vast quantities of pamphlets, with which the Swedes are inundated. The German legation has trained journalists on its staff, and Baron Lucius, the minister, is himself a keen, wide-awake individual, fully alive to the value of printer's ink and alert to seize every opportunity to make propaganda or to explain anything that needs explanation. As an instance of this may be cited the fact that, some weeks ago, when the morning papers published Troitzky's expose of Germany's attitude toward the Aland islands, the noon papers of the same day contained a column-long article by Baron Lucius, full of clever casuistry and forming, for the uncritical reader, a complete answer to Troitzky.

This is but one of scores of similar instances. Lucius' relation to the press—and not merely to the pro-German press—are most friendly, and he is always sure of a sympathetic hearing, whether the other party is in agreement with him or not.

To dam this flood of propaganda the allied powers offer comparatively little. Since America entered the war an effort has been made from Washington to secure adequate publication in Sweden of important speeches by President Wilson and other leaders, and reports of important decisions of different bodies, progress or receding, etc. These efforts, and particularly as regards speeches, are foredoomed to failure by the fact that the speeches are cabled too late.

President Wilson's speeches have reached Sweden from two to four days after summaries of them had been received here. No Swedish editor after having used a 500-word summary will, half a week later, devote much space to the text of the same speech.

## HITCHCOCK AT SAARBRUCKEN.

American Flyer in German Prison Camp, State Department Is Advised.

Washington, April 18.—The state department was advised yesterday that Thomas Hitchcock, jr., of New York, an American aviator, who has been missing for some time, was a prisoner at Saarbrücken, in Germany. The report came from the American legation at Berne, which had received it from the Spanish embassy in Berlin.

## RHEUMATISM

Physician Believes a Genuine Remedy for the Disease Has Been Found

Rheuma, the wonderful rheumatism remedy sold by E. A. Brown & Co. and all druggists, gives quicker and more lasting relief than other remedies costing many times as much.

Rheuma passes the deadly poisonous secretions into the bowels and kidneys, from which they are quickly thrown out in a natural, healthy way.

WENT TO WAR  
TO SELL GOODS

Germany Sought Domination of the World's Markets

AND GAIN CONTROL OF RAW SUPPLIES

U. S. Department of Commerce Publishes Report of Its Findings

Washington, D. C., April 18.—Germany started the war to establish domination of the world's markets for her manufactured goods and to gain a stronger control of the sources of raw supplies, says a report by the department of commerce made public last night. The report is the result of a detailed investigation of German political, industrial and commercial activities before and after the outbreak of the war, conducted by Chauncey D. Snow, assistant chief of the bureau of foreign and domestic commerce, who was engaged in industrial studies in Germany when hostilities began. The failure of these commercial aims already is apparent, says the report, and German industrial efficiency has deteriorated materially.

"There has been serious bungling in high places, profligating, gross mismanagement and intense dissatisfaction among the working classes," it says. "Stocks of materials have been used up, substitutes have failed to satisfy, equipment has deteriorated, and some industries have profited greatly by the war at the expense of efficiency for peace times."

Germany's problem as viewed by her rulers was to overcome "the limitations of German territory and the restrictions of our climatic conditions, in connection with its increasing and more refined requirements."

As phrased in the report, "Germany confidently expected as a result of the war to get huge indemnities which, like the great indemnity exacted from France in 1871, would pay the bill of war and clear the way for uninterrupted, unparalleled strides, leaps and bounds in industry and trade. Germany unquestionably counted on crippling the resources and competitive powers of her chief European commercial competitors."

When Germany on the close of hostilities enters the race for commercial supremacy, she will be handicapped, says the report, by the fact that she will have as rivals 18 nations which actually have been at war with her, and time more which severed diplomatic relations.

"Commercial treaties with the advantages all on the German side will be hard to negotiate," is the opinion expressed in the report. "It will be a rare country where Germany may dominate trade industry, shipping and finance without local realization and opposition."

Owing to the uncertainties of war, most of the measures for re-entering foreign trade are still in the stage of discussion, only a few having received legislative sanction. Many of the industries have been syndicated or consolidated; an imperial ministry of economic affairs has been created; subsidies have been voted to rehabilitate the merchant marine; steps have been taken to promote the exportation of German goods under the guise of neutral products.

The loss of capital during the war, the lack of ship space, and the difficulty in obtaining foreign credits and means of payment for the imports of raw materials and foodstuffs are regarded in Germany as the principal obstacles to a speedy rebuilding of the foreign trade. The low exchange value of the mark will enforce economy in importation, and the state will be obliged to interfere 'not because it has become Socialistic but because it will have no other choice.'

"In spite of all the obstacles that will confront the Germans, however, it will be well to bear in mind the fact as pointed out by the eminent Italian lawyer, Eucardio Momigliano, that there is need of preparing for defense in order that German business may not continue its old methods of quiet penetration in one country after another."

"President Wilson has advocated the formation of an association of nations to make the world safe, but in doing so he has stated that it may be necessary to leave Germany without the benefits of the free economic intercourse which must inevitably spring out of the partnerships of real peace. Apart from questions of governmental policy, there is a clear duty resting on American business men individually to keep their eyes open to German competition in whatever form it may come. The American government, in concert with the governments of the other great nations, will see to it that Germany, as a government, shall henceforth operate in the open. American business men, like business men in the other great countries, must likewise see to it that all operations of German trade enterprises shall take place in the open and bear a clear indication of having been 'made in Germany.'"

## GERMAN AGENTS

DENUDE NORWAY OF U. S. MONEY

Danes Pick Up All American Coins and Bills in Sight, for Textons, at a Premium.

Christiania, April 18.—Wholesale purchase of American money, mostly by Danish agents, working for German principals, has cleared the local market of American coin and bills. The dollar rate paid was 380, against the normal rate before the war of 372, and the present official rate of 315.

LIMITS MILL FEED PROFITS.  
Food Administration Extends Rule to States East of Mississippi.

Washington, April 17.—The margin of profits on wheat mill feeds, which has been in effect in eastern states, has been extended to all states east of the Mississippi and south of the Ohio river, including Louisiana and Arkansas. This announcement was made by the food administration yesterday as the commission reached at a recent conference with manufacturers and dealers in wheat and mill feeds.

Another conference for the trade in some of the states not included in the new agreement will be held at Kansas City, Mo., April 22.

Gold Medal  
Glenwood

This coal and gas range with two ovens  
is a wonder for cooking

Although less than four feet long it can do every kind of cooking for any ordinary family by gas in warm weather or by coal or wood when the kitchen needs heating. When in a hurry both ovens can be used at the same time—one for roasting and the other for pastry baking. It certainly does "Make Cooking and Baking Easy"



Call and See this  
Wonderful Cooking Machine

Reynolds & Son, Barre

LEANING VIRGIN FALLS.  
END OF WAR IN SIGHT?

This Prophecy If Famous Statue on  
Albert Cathedral Were Destroyed  
—Shot Down—By Germans.

London, April 18.—The famous leaning Virgin at the top of the Albert cathedral, now behind the German lines, was shot down by German artillery on Tuesday, says a despatch from Reuters' Limited. It is not known, the correspondent adds, whether the destruction of the statue was an act of vandalism or an accident.

It has been prophesied from time to time that when the Virgin fell from the tower of the cathedral the war would end.

The statue was suspended in almost a miraculous manner from the summit. She was holding out her divine babe in silent appeal over the hapless town for many months. The German shell partly smashed the ironwork that held in place the pedestal of the statue, with the result that it fell partly over and remained suspended at right angles to the tower.

## MINERS RETURN TO WORK.

Feel They Have Gained Their Point, Government Intervention.

Cumberland, Md., April 18.—The 5,000 miners in the Georges Creek soft coal region who quit work returned to the mines Wednesday, having accepted the verdict from Washington. There was a telegram from Secretary Wilson of the labor department urging the men to return to work at once.

In his message to the miners Dr. Garfield, fuel administrator, said: "I have stated to Mr. Diamond and to Mr. Lord, who attended the conference here, that I will not take up the case of the mine workers of western Maryland and the upper Potomac district so long as the mines are idle. I cannot consent at the present time that the government be forced to consider or settle any case by resorting to a method which reduces the output of coal."

The miners, in consenting to return to work immediately, feel they have gained their point; that is, government intervention.

## ENOUGH ARMY CHAPLAINS.

No More Applications Will Be Accepted War Department Announces.

Washington, April 18.—The war department has enough chaplains in the service and on its eligible list for all present needs, it is announced, and no more applications will be accepted. More clergymen have applied for service than the army can use.

## He Bought a Bond.

Springfield, Mass., April 18.—Threatened with a ride on a rail and a ducking from a fire hose unless he subscribed for a Liberty bond by 10 o'clock yesterday, an employee of a large manufacturing plant here, busy with war orders, capitulated. The man, a native of Germany, had hitherto refused to help boost the factory's bond quota, though earning large pay.

## The Outdoor Girl

Protects the skin and complexion from all weather conditions. Soothing and healing after exposure. Relieves sunburn, tan and rough or chapped skins. Try it today.

Gouraud's  
Oriental Cream

Sent for Trial Size  
JUNIOR BARNES & SON, New York

DRY REGIME WILL  
WIPE OUT 3,285 SALOONS

Also About 62 Breweries in Michigan Will Go Out of Existence at Mid-night on April 30 Due to State Prohibition.

Detroit, Mich., April 18.—When Michigan goes dry at midnight on April 30, a total of 3,285 saloons in the state must go out of business and 62 breweries are prohibited from manufacturing beer or any intoxicating liquor. At the election in November, 1916, the amendment providing for "bone dry" state prohibition was adopted by a majority of nearly 70,000.

Manufacturers and dealers of liquor in Michigan have had 18 months to dispose of their stock and wind up their business affairs. Michigan breweries employed 2,060 men, while saloons had a total of 6,387 persons. For several weeks saloons have been taking up other trades, but the movement of labor from the breweries has not been pronounced.

Some of the breweries will manufacture soft drinks and others, it is understood, will turn out distilled products not prohibited by law. A few beer plants will be converted into ice factories.

According to claims made by the Anti-Saloon league organization in Michigan, approximately 2,338,000 bushels of grain have been used in the yearly output of Michigan breweries.

The internal revenue report for the year ended June 13, 1917, showed that 2,338,521 barrels of beer were brewed in Michigan that year. Each barrel contained 31 gallons and it has been estimated that a bushel of grain is used to make a barrel of beer.

The latest figures from the census department concerning the liquor industry in Michigan give the following details: Capital invested, \$12,384,000; salaries paid, \$358,000; wages paid, \$1,073,000; cost of materials, \$2,421,000; value of products, \$9,840,000; value added by manufacture, \$7,419,000.

One of the Anti-Saloon league arguments against the liquor industry in Michigan has been the amount of coal consumed. Last winter when Michigan industries were operated under stringent coal conservation rules, many schools throughout the state had to close.

It has been claimed that Michigan breweries used more than a quarter of a million tons of coal during the last year covered by the internal revenue report. This estimate is partly based on a statement credited to E. D. Leach, assistant state fuel administrator of Ohio, who was quoted as saying that reports indicated Ohio breweries consumed practically a pound of coal to brew a pint of beer.

would have consumed about 280,000 tons of coal to turn out 361,245,040 pints of beer in the year 1916-17.

37 KILLED WHEN BIG  
OIL STEAMERS COLLIDE

American O. B. Jennings and British War Knight Crash at Sea—Latter Hits Mine When Burning—Destroyers Save Part of Crew.

An Atlantic Port, April 18.—Thirty-seven lives were lost when the American steamship O. B. Jennings, 7,800 tons, and the British steamer War Knight, 6,238 tons, both laden with naphtha and other oils, collided off the British coast on March 24, according to members of the crew of the O. B. Jennings, who arrived here yesterday. All who perished, with one exception, were on the British vessel. They were burned to death by blazing gas and oil.

Those who survived the flames on the War Knight were rescued in the nick of time by destroyers, for soon after, while the blazing hull was being towed toward shallow waters, it struck a mine and was blown up.



## Ah! That's the Spot

Sloan's Liniment goes right to it. Have you a rheumatic ache or a dull throbbing neuralgic pain? You can find a quick and effective relief in Sloan's Liniment. Thousands of homes have this remedy handy for all external pains because time and time again it has proven the quickest relief.

So clean and easy to apply, too. No rubbing, no stain, no inconvenience as is the case with plasters or ointments. If you once use Sloan's Liniment, you will never be without it.

Generous sized bottles, at all druggists.

Sloan's  
Liniment  
KILLS PAIN